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Geophysical Data Report

ATMOSPHERIC RADIO NOISE DATA BANGKOK, THAILAND — September-November 1966

By: RANGSIT CHINDAHPORN PRAJUAB NIMITYONGSKUL

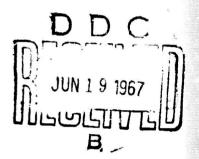
LT. CHAIKAMOL LUMJIAK

Prepored for:

U.S. ARMY ELECTRONICS COMMAND FORT MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY

CONTRACT DA-36-039 AMC-00040(E) ORDER NO. 5384-PM-63-91

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SUPREME COMMAND HEADQUARTERS

BANGKOK, THAILAND



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March 1967

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I INTRODUCTION

Measurements of atmospheric radio noise are being made by the Electronics Laboratory of the Military Research and Development Center (MRDC-EL), a joint Thailand-United States-organization in Bangkok. The noise-measuring equipment (Fig. 1), modeled after the U.S. National Bureau of Standards Radio Noise Recorder, Model ARN-2, is located near the village of Laem (habang (Fig. 2), about 90 kilometers southeast of Bangkok, in order to minimize interference from man-made oise. A view of the site, showing the standard ARN-2 antenna and ground plane, is presented in Fig. 3.

The eleperation and participation of the staff members of the Thailand Ministry of Defense and the support of the United States Advanced Research Projects Agency and the U.S. Army Electronics Command, have made it possible for the data presented in this report to be accumulated.

Tables I and II, below, present information about the site and the equipment.

For convenience in applying the results in this study, a nomogram for transforming effective antenna noise figure to noise field strength as a function of frequency is presented in Fig. 4.

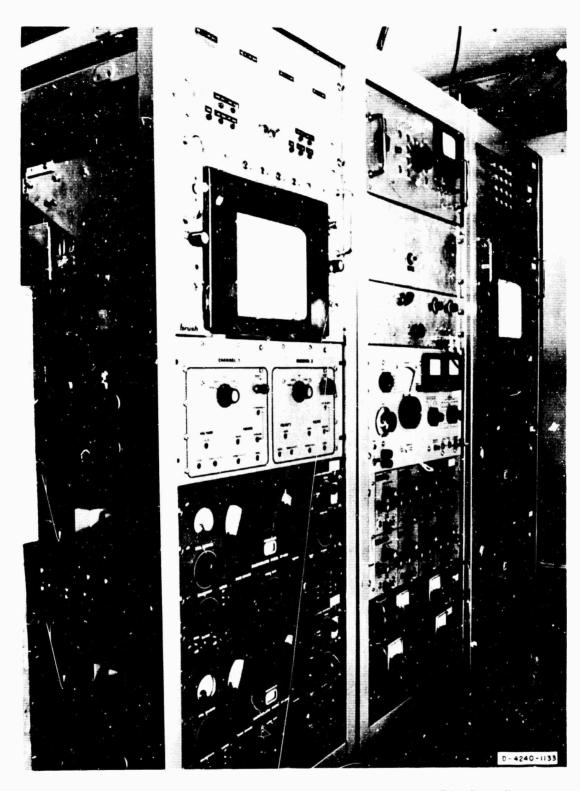


FIG. 1 ARN-3 ATMOSPHERIC RADIO NOISE MEASURING EQUIPMENT

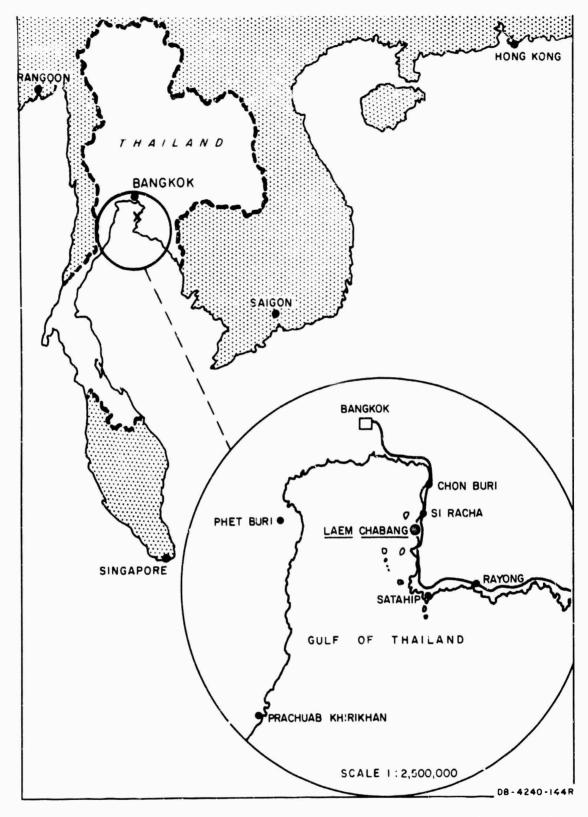


FIG. 2 LOCATION OF THE RADIO NOISE RECORDING STATION AT LAEM CHABANG, THAILAND

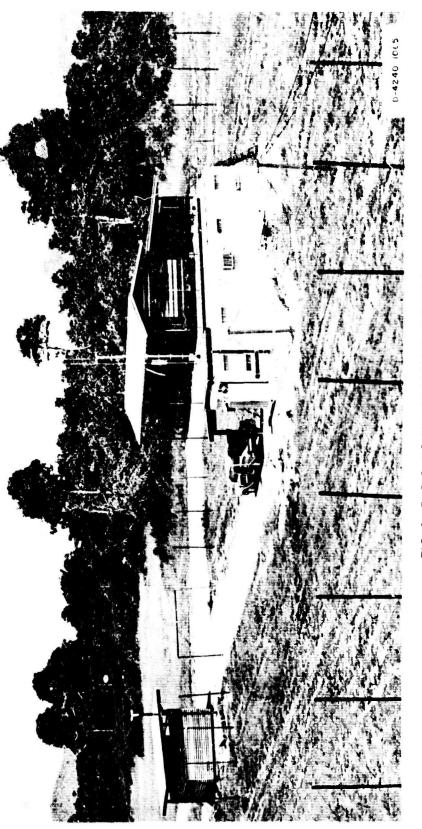


FIG. 3 RADIO NOISE RECORDING STATION

Table 1

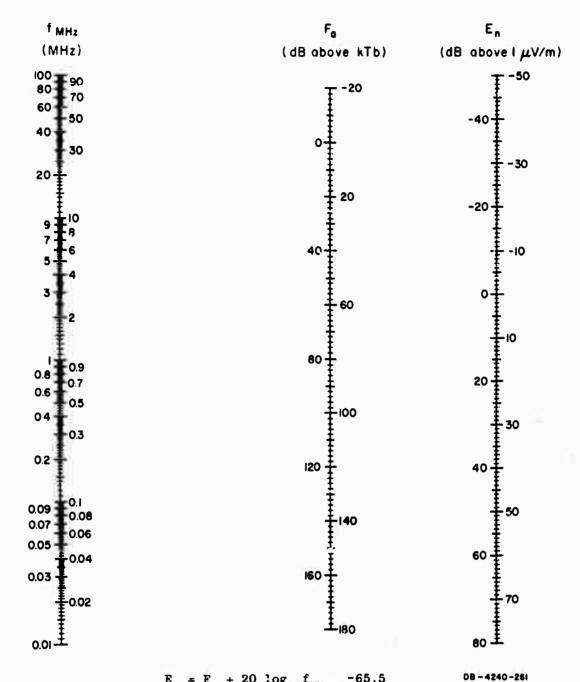
RADIO NOISE MEASURING SITE AT LAEM CHABANG, THAILAND

	GEOGRAPH I	C LOCATION	ELEVATION ANGLE OF HORIZON
ľ	l.atitude	Longitude	ELEVATION ANGER OF HONIZON
	13.55°N	100.90°E	Less than 3 degrees in all directions; zero degrees towards the west (Gulf of Thailand)

Table II

ARN-3 RADIO NOISE RECORDER SPECIFICATIONS

Antenna	Standard 6.6294-meter (21.75 feet) vertical antenna with ground plane consisting of ninety radial wires, each approximately 100 feet long.
Frequencies of Measurement	6, `3, 27, 160, 530, 2,300, 5,000, and 10,000 kHz.
Effective noise bandwidth of receiver	200 Hz
Recording chart speed	5 cm per hour



 $E_n = F_a + 20 \log_{10} f_{MHz} - 65.5 \qquad \qquad \text{D8-4240-26}$ $F_a = \text{Effective Antenna Noise F sure} = \text{External Noise Power}$ Available from an Equivalent Short, Lossless, Vertical Antenna in dB Above kTb. $E_n = \text{Equivalent Vertically Polarized Ground Wave rms. Noise Field Strength in dB Above 1 μV/meter for a 1-kHz Bandwidth.}$ $f_{MHz} = \text{Frequency in MHz}$

Source: ESSA Tech. Report IER 18-ITSA 18-28

FIG. 4 NOMOGRAM FOR TRANSFORMING EFFECTIVE ANTENNA NOISE FIGURE TO NOISE FIELD STRENGTH AS A FUNCTION OF FREQUENCY

II DISCUSSION

The noise data contained in this report are compatible with the data in a series of Technical Notes published by ITSA.* (Series 18) "Quarterly Radio Noise Data." The following two parameters of the atmospheric noise are tabulated in the Appendix:

- (1) Mean power
- (2) Mean envelope voltage.

The mean power is a basic parameter and is expressed as an effective antenna noise factor, F_a . F_a is defined as the noise power available from an equivalent loss-free antenna in dB above kTb, the thermal noise power available from a passive resistance, where

- $k = Boltzmann's constant (1.38 \times 10^{-23} joules per degree Kelvin)$
- b = Effective receiver noise bandwidth (Hz)
- T = Reference temperature, taken as 238°Kelvin.

The mean envelope voltage, $V_{\rm d}$, is expressed as a deviation in dB below the mean power.

Four frequencies, either in the MF and HF bands or in the VLF and LF bands, may be recorded simultaneously for 30 minutes. Switching between the two sets of four frequencies is accomplished automatically each half hour. The average power and the mean envelope voltage are recorded on an 8-channel strip-chart recorder. The thirty-minute samples are taken as representing the noise condition for the full hour.

The month-lour medians for power and voltage, F_{am} and V_{dm} , respectively, are determined from the hourly values scaled from the chart recordings for each of the corresponding frequencies. Normally, from twenty-five to thirty observations of the mean power are obtained monthly

Institute for Telecommunication Sciences and Aeronomy, of the Institutes for Environmental Research, Environmental Science Services Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

for each hour of the day and from ten to fifteen observations of the voltage deviations. When there are fewer than fifteen observations of the mean power or seven observations of the voltage deviations, the tabulated values in the Appendix are identified by an asterisk.

The extent of the variation of the noise power from day to day at a particular hour of the day can be determined from the upper and lower decide values of F_a . These are expressed in dB above and below the month-hour median. F_{am} , and designated by D_a and D_l , respectively, in Table A-1.

Time-block median values of noise are tabulated on a seasonal basis and are obtained by averaging all month-hour medians for the four hours of the day within the three-month period (see Table A-2 and Fig. A-1). The time-block values conform to the seasonal time-block values used in CCIR Report No. 322.

The results of the noise measurements at MF and HF for the months September, October, and November 1966 are given in this report. No data for LF and VLF for these months are available, but it is expected that data for these frequency bands will be published in subsequent reports. APPENDIX

RADIO NOISE VALUES

Table A-1

MONTH-HOUR VALUES OF RADIO NOISE

Station: LAEM-CHABANG

4 1

Lat. 13.55°N

Long. 100.9°E

Month Sept. 1966

					FRI	EQUENCY										
nr.		0.53				2.3				5.	0			10	.0	
(1.T)	Fam	D _u	\mathbf{D}_t	V _{dm}	Fam	D _u	\mathbf{p}_t	V _{dm}	Fam	D _u	\mathbf{D}_{l}	V _{dm}	Fam	D _a	\mathbf{D}_{t}	V _{dm}
00	93	8	5	4.0	bb	11	7	5.5	62	10	11	3.0	46	12	14	2,0
01	92	9	5	3.5	67	5	10	6.0	63	7	11	2.0	44	11	13	4.0
02	91	12	4	4.0	65	18	6	5.5	61	g	12	2.5	48	10	23	4.0
03	92	9	5	6.0	65	10	8	7.0	63	10	13	2.0	40	20	16	4.5
0.1	91	10	5	5.0	65	10	8	7.0	64	9	14	3.0	36	17	13	6.0
05	89	8	4	6.0	65	9	7	7.0	62	9	11	3.0	•36			4.0
05	77	10	5	4.0	•60			6.5	59	7	11	3.0	42	6	12	2.0
97	76	11	4	2.0	•55			5.0	54	10	7	4.0	38	8	9	2.5
08	75	7	-4	3.0	•49			4.0	50	11	8	4.0	36	6	7	3.0
09	72	8	.1	3,0	54	11	13	3.0	47	7	7	5,0	34	6	8	14.0
10	73	1.4	5	3.0	•50	•		3.0	43	10	9	5.0	29	7	6	3.0
11	7.4	7	5	5.0	50	11	10	4.0	45	11	10	4.0	30	6	6	2.0
12	75	12	4	4.0	50	9	7	3,5	4.1	9	10	3.0	31	ь	6	4.0
13	80	14	7	4.0	55	8	9	4.0	46	4	11	5.5	32	6	b	3.5
14	*85	- •		5.0	*55			9.0	47	4	8	5.0	36	-1	8	4.0
15	•88			5.0	56	14	11	10.0	50	4	14	4.5	37	8	7	4.0
16	91	14	16	3.0	62	14	10	8.0	54	10	8	4.0	42	9	9	3.0
17	93	10	13	2.0	69	7	i.;	6.0	59	7	6	3.0	47	9	13	2.0
18	97	7	8	4.0	71	7	11	4.0	64	6	6	3.0	45	7	12	2.0
19	97	6	10	3.0	71	7	9	3.0	64	9	5	2.5	43	12	11	2.0
20	97	8	7	3.0	72	8	9	2.5	67	7	12	3.0	48	13	12	2.0
21	96	7	6	3.5	71	8	6	3.0	65	8	9	3.0	47	12	12	2.0
22	93	9	6	4.0	70	7	7	3.0	65	7	8	3.0	46	10	12	2.0
23	93	8	4	4.0	70	12	11	3.5	63	8	10	3.0	44	12	10	2.0

^{*} Fewer observations than 15 days of mean power measurements or 7 days of voltage measurements.

 $F_{am} = Median value of effective antenna noise in dB above kTb$

 D_u^{aa} = Ratio of upper decile to median in dB D_l^{a} = Ratio of median to lower decile in dB

 V_{dm}^{τ} - Median deviation of average voltage in dB below mean power

Table A-1 (Continued)

MONTH-HOUR VALUES OF RADIO NOISE

Station: LAEM-CHABANG

Lat. 13.55°N [.ong. 100,9°E Month Oct. 1966

						1	REQU	NCY (V	z							
HR.		0.53					2,3			5.	0			10	, 0	
(LI)	Fam	D _u	\mathbf{b}_t	V _{dm}	F _{Biffi}	D _u	\mathbf{p}_l	V _{dm}	Fam	D_u	\mathbf{p}_{l}	V_{dm}	F _{am}	D _u	\mathbf{n}_{l}	۱ _{dm}
00	100	m i	8	5.0	72	;	()	2.0	57	16	9	2.0	-18	10	12	3.0
01	100	8	ģ	6.0	69	7	3	4.0	59	15	11	2.0	18	ä	11	1.0
02	gg	ij	ī	5,0	69	11	5	3.5	59	12	12	2.0	48	10	12	1.0
03	101	9	9	5.5	69	12	6	5.0	57	17	9	3,0	17	y	13	1.0
04	98	8	5	7.0	69	Ŋ	7	6.0	56	16	10	1.0	41	1.4	9	1.5
05	97	10	tı	7.0	96	16	5	5.5	59	13	13	3,0	39	11	10	1.0
thi	93	11	15	4-9	70	6	8	3.0	56	9	13	3.0	42	12	13	2.5
07	93	13	15	4.0	66	11	7	2.0	51	ti	10	3,0	37	8	11	3.0
08	88	8	13	5.5	60	12	7	2.5	46	14	ī	4.0	36	-	13	2.5
09	66	18	10	9.0	59	11	8	4.0	43	1-1	6	4.0	*36	-		;,0
1e	87	15	18	4.0	56	13	7	3.5	43	15	7	4.0	*35	.		1.0
11	90	14	16	5.0	59	11	7	4.0	-]6	8	9	3,0	35	1)	16	3.0
12	āĪ	11	18	6.0	62	12	10	4.0	45	10	8	3.5	35	8	11	1.0
13	94	11	11	10.0	63	11	8	7.0	15	13	7	5,0	36	7	13	1,0
14	97	10	18	9.0	66	8	12	6.0	47	13	8	4.5	38	ġ	9	1,0
15	98	15	15	8.0	71_	6	12	4,0	50	14	9	4.0	40	9	9	4.0
Iō	ĝÿ	9	13	7.0	71	10	6	3.0	54	17	11	3,0	44	11	12	3, 0
17	101	ì0	9	5.0	76	ŋ	7	3.0	61	10	17	2.0	11	10	11	1.0
18	100	11	6	4.0	76	6	5	3.0	bb	8	18	2.0	15	-	12	3.0
19	99	8	3	1.5	77	5	3	2.0	66	10	18	2.0	46	,	13	3.0
20	101	5	5	1.0	82	3	8	2,0	hb	10	18	2.0	47	10	12	2.0
21	99	h	1	4.6	79	9	8	2.0	64	11	12	2.0	46	7	12	3.0
22	100	9	5	1.0	77	7	5	2.0	62	8	11	2.0	47	8	7	1.0
23	101	6	8	4.5	73	ь	5	4.0	50) P	13	3.0	44	11	1	3.0

^{*} Fewer observations than 15 days of mean power measurements or 7 days of voltage measurements.

 $F_{am} \equiv Median \ value \ of \ effective antenna noise in dB about kTb$

 $[\]mathbf{D}_{u}^{-}$ = Ratio of apper decile to median in dB.

 $[\]overline{\mathrm{D}_{I}^{\mathrm{o}}}$. But no of median to lower decide in dB.

 $V_{
m dm}$. Median deviation of average voltage in dB below mean powe:

Table A-1 (Concluded)

MONTH-HOUR VALUES OF RADIO NOISE

Station: LAEM CHABANG Lat. $13.55^{\circ}N$ Long. $100.9^{\circ}E$ Month Nov. 1966

	ı —			····					1.011									
	<u> </u>				FREQUENCY				(MHz)									
HR.		0.	53			2.	. 3			5	. 0			1	0.0			
	F _{am}	D _u	\mathbf{b}_{t}	Vdm	F _{am}	D _u	\mathbf{p}_{t}	V _{dm}	Fam	D _u	\mathbf{D}_{l}	V _{dm}	l'am	D _u	\mathbf{D}_{l}	V _{dm}		
00	91	[6	5	5.0	71	10	1	3.0	58	10	6	2.0	45	10	5	2.5		
01	92	17	7	5.0	71	7	4	3 0	62	ġ	G.	2.0	45	11	7	3.0		
02	92	[9	7	7.0	70	9	3	6.0	62	9	9	2.0	46	9	8	3.0		
03	93	16	9	9.0	69	11	5	7.0	62	9	10	2.0	4 3	16	5	4.0		
04	91	20	8	8.0	72	7	11	8.0	59	10	7	2.0	43	14	6	4.0		
05	89	20	9	8.0	70	9	9	8,0	57	12	5	2.0	*45			4.5		
06	85	19	7	3,0	71	6	9	2.0	56	12	5	2.0	44	8	5	2.5		
07	84	15	7	3.0	69	8	6	1.5	52	7	9	2.5	45	8	8	3.0		
68	80	15	5	3.0	62	8	9	2.0	45	8	6	3.0	46	4	9	4.0		
09	80	7	13	6.0	59	9	8	1.0	41	ė,	5	2.0	41	8	8	4.0		
10	76	18	8	5.0	59	12	9	2.0	42	5	b	2.0	40	9	8	5.0		
11	81	16	9	3.0	63	10	12	1.0	41	7	3	2.0	40	9	10	4.0		
12	83	16	12	4.0	66	8	7	1.0	-44	7	5	2.0	10	10	6	4.0		
13	82	19	18	3.0	64	9	6	1.0	42	7	-4	2.0	39	ò	5	4.0		
14	78	18	5	5.0	63	11	9	1.5	13	8	4	2.0	40	10	5	5.0		
15	84	14	12	4.0	65	6	7	1.5	48	9	5	2.0	43	8	6	4.5		
16	85	13	4	2.0	68	8	6	1.0	55	8	6	1.0	46	10	7	4.0		
17	87	11	4	2.0	75	7	8	1.0	60	5	7	1.0	46	9	4	4.0		
18	90	10	4	3.0	78	5	7	1.0	63	3	6	1.0	47	11	6	4.0		
19	90	12	3	2.0	80	9	6	1.0	64	5	6	1.0	50	7	6	4.0		
20	90	15	3	2.0	82	8	7	1.0	65	4	ħ	1.0	50	4	6	4.0		
21	90	13	5	2.0	82	9	-6	1.0	62	6	5	1.0	50	4	8	4.0		
2?	90	14	4	3.0	77	13	6	1.0	62	9	6	1.5	48	10	7	3.0		
23	90	15	.1	4.0	75	Ó	8	2.0	57	11	4	2.0	45	22	8	3.0		

^{*} Fewer observations than 15 days of mean power measurements or 7 days of voltage measurements.

 F_{am} = Median value of effective antenna noise in dB above kTb D_u = Batio of upper decile to median in dB

 $[\]overline{D_{l}}$ = Ratio of median to lower decile in dB

 v_{dm}^{t} = Median deviation of average voltage in dB below mean power

Table A-2

3-MONTH TIME-BLOCK VALUES OF RADIO NOISE

Long. 100.9°F

Lat. 13.55°N

Station: LAEM CHABANG, THAILAND

Period Sept.-Oct.-Nov. 1966

										TIN	F RI	TIME RIOCKS (LST)	(LST)								-	1	
														1	9	91	1600-2000	000		20	2000-2400	00	
					-	1	000		ا	0800-1200	1250		121	1200-1000	00			t	1	1	1	6	
FREQUENCY	١	0000-0400	400		3	400-1	0080	-			1	1	-	۲	2	is	ď	ď	MP /		"	7	ap.
(WHz)				T		[6	>	4	٥	o,	٧٩.	E		шр.	E .	3	•			1	T	
	F	۵	ď	Vdm	E	"	7	щÞ.	E 6	=	-	;	1	+	Vdm Fam D D D	1	L	,	,	90	9	S	3.5
		,				I				-	•	0	86	7	2 6.0	94	110	0	3.0	C.	2	ı	
	-		r	0	89	13	8	5.0	80	=	γ.	0.0	3			4	1	1	T				
0.53	71 66	71	•								T	1		+	-	•	٥	α	3	92	8		5.0
		1	1		1				;	;	٥	3 0	19	6	61 9 9 4.0 3 0 5.	ç.	0	•	;				
			V	u	19	8	9	ر. 0.	'n	1	N.	;				4	+	I	T				,
2.3	69	01 69	0	;	;						I	I		1	2.0 64 8 10 2.0	17	a	10	2.0	64	œ	9	5.0
	1	1	1			L	L		•	91	1	3.5	94	6	8 4.0	6	°	21					
,	9	=	01 11 07	9.0	57	10	10	3.0	+	2		;			1	+	+	I				,	•
S	00	:				4	1		1	1	L			,		45	6	10	3.0	47	2	2	3.0
	1	-	L		; _	=	-	4 0	37	2	10	3.0	37	0	•	-					1		
5	5.4	=	54 111 12	3.5	4	=	2							1	-								
01	5				1	4	1	1	-														

 $F_{\mbox{\footnotesize{an}}}=\mbox{Median value of effective antenna noise in dB above kTb}$

 D_{μ} = Ratio of upper decile to median in dB

 $D_{\tilde{l}}$ = Ratio of median to lower decile in dB

 $V_{d\,n}$ = Median deviation of average voltage in dB below mean power

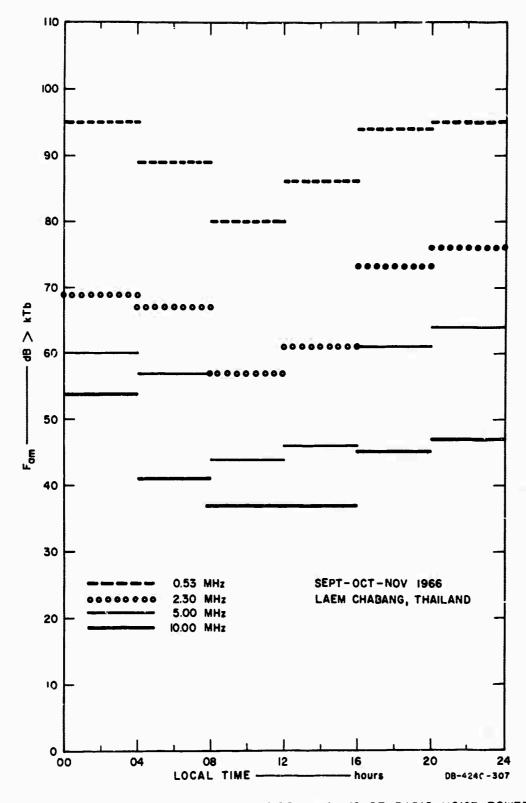


FIG. A-1 THREE-MONTH MEDIAN TIME-BLOCK VALUES OF RADIO NOISE POWER

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ATMACOREDIA DANIA MATCH DATA			
ATMOSPHERIC RADIO NOISE DATA,			
RANGKOK: THATLAND—SEPTEMBER-NOVEMBER 1906			
4. DESCRIPTIVE NOTES (Type of input and inclusive detes)			
Geophysical Data Report Covering the Period September	er through Novemb	er 1966	
5. AU THORIS (First name, middle initiel, last name)			
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ABPA Order No. 371	this report)		, 50 0.5.
d			
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11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES	12. SPONSORING	MILITARY ACT	10.20
11. JUFFEEMEN I ART NOTES			
	Advanced Re	search Proje	cts Agency
	Washington,	<i>17.</i> C	
13. ABSTRACT			
None: Data Report			

DD FORM 1473 (PAGE 1)

ENCLASSIFIED

Security Classification

UNCLASSIFIED Security Classification LINK A LINK B LINK C KEY WORDS ROLE WT ROLE WT ROLE WY Atmospheric radio noise VLF, 1F, MF, HF Mean power, Fa Mean envelope voltage, V_d Four-hour time blocks Monthly summary Quarterly summary ARN-2 ARN=3 September, October, November 1966 Laem Chabang (near Sirracha), Thailand

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Security Classification